



SmartPTT Tutorial Telephone Interconnect

Telephone Interconnect Overview

Telephone Interconnect is the service included into SmartPTT Radioserver to establish interconnection between Radio and Telephone Subscribers.

For communication with telephone subscribers Telephone Interconnect Service connects to VoIP Gateway having SIP trunk service support by means of SIP protocol. VoIP Gateway must be either embedded into PABX system or connected by means of digital or analog channels.

For communication with radio subscribers Telephone Interconnect Service uses control stations or repeaters connected to Radioserver.

To enable Telephone Interconnect functionality it is required to get telephone interconnect license per each Radioserver.



Telephone Interconnect Architecture



VoIP Gateway Requirements

VoIP gateway provides the conversion interface between the public switched telephone network and an IP network for voice and fax calls. The best choice is native VoIP gateways integrated into PBX as they provide maximum flexibility and performance.

In case you have PBX without integrated VoIP gateway, it is possible to use separate gateway, connected to PBX by standard interfaces: digital (e.g. ISDN PRI, ISDN BRI) or analog (FXS, FXO, E&M). Digital interfaces are preferred to analog ones, as they provide more full-functional signaling features (Caller ID, Dialed Number Identification Service (DNIS), Hang-up signals). FXS and FXO interfaces support DNIS and reliable hang-up signaling

just in one way, so it's recommended to combine them for transferring calls in opposite directions (FXS/FXO gateway) or use the Direct Inward Dialing (DID).





- Telephone Interconnect initiated by telephone subscriber.
 Telephone subscriber dials Prefix + Radio ID to do the call. PABX and VoIP Gateway must be programmed correspondingly.
- Telephone Interconnect initiated by radio subscriber. Radio subscriber sends text message with the phone number to Radioserver to process. Phone number can have prefix to identify that text message is the phone number, but not an ordinary text.
- **Telephone Interconnect initiated by Dispatcher Console.** Radio and Telephone Subscribers can be patched from Radio Subscriber Call Window in SmartPTT Dispatcher Console.



Telephone call from SmartPTT Dispatcher Console

SmartPTT Dispatcher has a built-in functionality to make telephone connections to telephone subscribers and vice versa.

The following **connection options** are possible:

- SmartPTT dispatcher calls office PBX subscriber
- Office PBX subscriber calls SmartPTT dispatcher

In both cases connections and addressing are implemented via SIP protocol. Voice is transmitted in full-duplex mode via RTP protocol.

A valid unique SIP address for each telephone subscriber must be assigned in SmartPTT Dispatcher in accordance with the telephone subscriber's phone number.



Phone calls from SmartPTT Dispatcher – SIP addressing system

SIP determines the following addressing system for every subscriber:

name@address:port

- address is the IP address of the device (VoIP gateway for telephone subscribers, IP address of SmartPTT dispatcher PC for dispatcher).
- **port** is a UDP port that is used by device to receive and send commands, port 5060 is used by default.
- *name* is a subscriber ID which can be interpreted in various ways:
 - for telephone subscribers names consist of an optional numerical prefix and the subscriber's phone number.
 - for SmartPTT dispatcher the name is not important. While the VoIP gateway is being configured, it must be set to 1 (1@dispatcher_address:port).



To configure connection parameters with telephone subscribers, expand the **Settings** list in the main menu of the SmartPTT Dispatcher window and click **Telephone Settings**.



The Configuration window will be displayed for configuring connection parameters and a list of telephone subscribers (presented on next slide).



Phone calls from SmartPTT Dispatcher – Telephone Settings Configuration dialog

onfiguration					>
Telephone Settings Settings and Subscriber List for Telephone Interconnect	2	-	Sm	ari	PTT
_ Dispatcher Settings					
Allow Calls to Telephone Subscribers			Interface	192.168.0).54 💌
Incoming Sound Port	18600	- 18650	SIP Port	5060	
Dial Prefix for Outgoing Calls	12]			
Dial Prefix for Incoming Calls]			
Default VoIP Gateway Address	192,168,0	243	SIP Port	5060	
		- 10			
Telephone Subscriber	Addre	55		-	
Andrew	1179				
Denis	1180				Add
John	1185				- 11
Nick	1184				Edit
Stephen	1170				Delete
				-	
				•	
Play Sound Alert for Incoming Call					
Play Sound Alert for Outgoing Call					
Help					Finish

Dispatcher Settings section

This section specifies the dispatcher's local computer settings. Allow Calls to Telephone Subscribers – enables the feature for this dispatcher. Incoming Sound Port – the range of ports to use for voice data transferring. Each connection with the telephone subscriber requires two ports (e.g. the first connection will use UDP port 18600 and TCP port 18601, the second will use UDP port 18602 and TCP port 18603 and so on). Thus, the specified ports must be available both for incoming and outgoing traffic.

Interface – IP address at the local computer, used to receive and transmit commands and voice data. If dispatcher's computer has only one IP address, the system may select it automatically; if it has several IP addresses, the IP address (interface) should be specified expressly. The specified IP must be available from the VoIP gateway end.

SIP Port is a UDP port to receive and send commands to connect to telephone subscribers. The default value is 5060. Accordingly, the specified port must be available for incoming and outgoing traffic.

Please note: If several network interfaces are presented on the PC you may have to configure the routing table using the command "route add ...".

VoIP Gateway Default Settings section

If most of the telephone subscribers the SmartPTT dispatcher is connected via the same VoIP gateway, it is more convenient to specify default values in this section. These settings allow to register telephone subscribers by specifying only the internal phone number.

Default VoIP Gateway Address – the gateway's IP address.

SIP Port – a VoIP gateway port to receive and send SIP commands. By default VoIP gateways use the UDP port 5060.

Dial Prefix for Outgoing/Incoming Calls – default prefix number for outgoing/incoming calls in accordance with VoIP Gateway settings.

Notes:

1. If the default VoIP gateway is used, the telephone subscriber's SIP address for outgoing calls is automatically composed with the following rule:

SIP address = Dial Prefix for Outgoing Calls + Phone Number + @ + Default VoIP Gateway Address + ":" + SIP Port

For example, with Default VoIP Gateway Address = 192.168.0.243, SIP Port = 5060, Dial Prefix for Outgoing Calls = 12, system will assume SIP address *121140@192.168.0.243:5060* for telephone subscriber with the phone number 1140.

2. When the SmartPTT dispatcher is called by the telephone subscriber, the subscriber is identified by the incoming SIP address, which can be different from the outgoing one depending on the VoIP gateway settings. That is why a separate prefix for incoming addresses is set in the system.

Telephone Subscribers list

The SmartPTT dispatcher stores a list of telephone subscribers. You can manage the list using **Add**, **Edit** or **Delete** buttons. Telephone subscriber properties are managed in separate window.

	Subscriber	Andrew
Select ×	SIP-Addres	is tic (default gateway and prefix)
	Number	1179
	◯ Full Add	dress (sip : prefix number @ gateway : port)
	Outgoing	sip:121179@192.168.0.243:5060
	Incoming	sip:1179@192.168.0.243:5060

In this window you can enter the subscriber name and choose a picture to display in call window. To specify the SIP address you can select among two options:

- Specify just the phone number (default VoIP gateway settings will be used).
- Enter both outgoing and incoming SIP address manually in full form.

Phone calls from SmartPTT Dispatcher – Telephone Subscribers access pane

If the settings allow connections to telephone subscribers, a telephone subscribers access pane is available in the SmartPTT Dispatcher main window.

Double click in the Telephone subscribers pane to open the Telephone Subscriber call window.

To call the subscriber click **Connect**. To end call click **Disconnect**.

The **Telephone Subscribers** pane has a speed-dial button (at top-right corner) to call the subscriber by phone number. In this case default VoIP gateway settings are used to generate the full SIP address.









Phone calls from SmartPTT Dispatcher – Telephone Subscribers access pane

To display the telephone subscriber settings window, right-click the desired telephone subscriber

To set a sound for an incoming call alert, click the button "..." under corresponding section.

To display the telephone subscriber call window, click the button **Call Window**.

To assign the selected telephone subscriber to specific categories, click the button **Categories**.

Select desired categories in the displayed window and click **OK**.





SmartPTT Radioserver has integrated Telephone Interconnect service which allows establishing of communication between radio and telephone subscribers.

Telephone Interconnect service uses the following protocols:

- SIP for signaling
- RTP for voice data transmission

Voice data transmission is done in *half-duplex mode*.

There are 3 ways to initiate the interconnection:

- Telephone subscriber initiates a call.
- Radio subscriber initiates a call.
- Call is initiated from dispatcher console.

Select **Telephone Interconnect** item in Radioserver Configuration Window to set up Telephone Interconnect Service.

Note! Telephone Interconnect Service requires corresponding license to be installed at Radioserver. Licenses are installed under Licenses section of Radioserver Configuration tool.

⊒ 🜉 Radio Server ⊜ 🛫 Radio Network Services	Telephone Intercon	nect		
 Radio Network Services ARS Location TMS Telemetry Add-on Modules Licenses Event Log Settings Control Station 1 Stet Connect Networks IP Site Connect Networks Stot 1 Slot 1 Slot 2 Slot 2 Groups Slot 2 All Call 	 Active Server Settings Interface SIP Port RTP Ports Private Call Prefix Group Call Prefix V Allow Calls to Default Content Content Conten Content Content Content Content Content	192.168.0.2 5060 18600 - ult VoIP Gatewa 28.200.144.4 5060	43 18610 22 23 9 6 11 12	
Service:	Running			

Active – Enable the Telephone interconnect feature for radioserver.

Server Settings group

Interface – Local IP address which will be used for communication with VoIP Gateway.

Note! Radioserver IP used for communication with VoIP Gateway must be real one. NAT is not supported.

SIP Port – Local UDP port to receive and send SIP commands (default value: 5060).

Note! In case when Radioserver and Dispatcher Console are installed on the same PC and both of them are set up for telephone interconnection, SIP ports must be different for Radioserver and Dispatcher Console.

RTP Ports – Range of local ports used for voice data transmission to/from VoIP-Gateway (default values: 18600 – 18610).

Private/Group Call Prefix – If the name part in SIP address, received by radioserver from VoIP gateway, starts with this prefix, radioserver treats the rest of name as Radio ID/Group ID and performs private/group radio call to it. In case they are not set, all calls are treated as private.



Allow Calls to Default VoIP Gateway – enable the possibility to use default VoIP gateway settings to build the full SIP addresses in case just phone number was specified, when radio subscriber initiates call.

Default Gateway Settings group

Address – network IP address of default VoIP Gateway. SIP Port – SIP port which of VoIP gateway (default value: 5060). Source/Destination Prefix – default prefix number, which will be added in front of radio ID/calling phone number for outgoing calls.

Dialing Rules group

Prefix – This prefix is used to determine telephone call request. If text message sent to Radioserver starts with this prefix, Telephone Interconnect Service treats the rest of message as phone number and compose the following SIP addresses for outgoing call:
From: [Default Gateway Settings-Source Prefix][Radio ID]@[Server Settings-Interface]:[Server Settings-SIP Port]
To: [Default Gateway Settings-Destination Prefix][Phone Number]@[Default Gateway

Settings-Address]: [Default Gateway Settings-SIP Port]

SmartPTT Server Configuration -	C:\Program Files\SmartPTT\Serve	r\RadioSe 📒	
Radio Server Radio Network Services Ars Location Add-on Modules Licenses Vent Log Settings Control Stations Control Station 1 Channels Groups Audio IP Site Connect Networks IP Site Connect 1 Sito 1 Groups Solo 2 Groups All Call	Telephone Interconnect settings Allowed Subscriber List Call Request Timeout Telephone Ring Timeout Radio Subscriber Call Timeout Play Sound to Telephone on Connect Play Warning Beeps on Busy Channel Call Start Notification for Subscriber R Call End Notification for Subscriber R	Add Remove 300 20 20 20 ction el Radio Radio	S S S
Service:	Running		

Additional Telephone Interconnect Settings:

- To limit the radios authorized to use telephone interconnect service, set Allowed Subscriber List checkbox and add *permitted* radios to the list.
- Call Request Timeout Period of time, during which request from a radio (text message with a phone number sent to radioserver) will stay in queue waiting for pending calls.
- Telephone Ring Timeout Time to wait for telephone subscriber to answer the call.
- Radio Subscriber Call Timeout Time to wait for connection from telephone subscriber to radio subscriber when all available radio channels are busy.
- Also you can enable or disable sound notifications about events for phone and radio subscribers.



Telephone Interconnect – General VoIP Gateway settings

SmartPTT Telephone Interconnect Service connects to VoIP Gateway by means of Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) in SIP Trunk connection mode. To transfer the voice data, G.711 codec is fully supported. Also it is possible to implement G.723 and G.729 support, but additional licensing is needed.

Here are some examples how to configure your VoIP gateway.

Cisco, AddPac:

```
dial-peer voice 10 voip
 destination-pattern 22. // all numbers beginning with 22
 session protocol sipv2
 session target ipv4:192.168.100.3 // Radioserver IP address
 codec g711alaw
```



Telephone Interconnect – General VoIP Gateway settings

Using GUI of IPGear VoIP Gateway:





Voice call from telephone to radio – General overview

To successfully make a voice call from telephone set to radio, the following requirements must be satisfied:

- The number, which is typed by telephone subscriber, is routed from PBX to VoIP gateway.
- Then the correct SIP address is generated by VoIP gateway and routed to SmartPTT Radioserver.
- Radio subscriber is on-line and available.

On every stage the dialed number can be modified along with settled rules:

- PBX can add or remove prefix in dialed by phone subscriber number.
- VoIP gateway can choose one of different radioservers based on prefix.
- Radioserver can be configured to removed unnecessary prefixes.

Also on every stage it's possible to modify information about caller number (Automatic Number Identification/Caller ID (ANI/CID)). In case of using analog channels, all ANI/CID information will be lost.

Radio subscribers are addressed by Radio ID, so PBX must be programmed to allocate number pool corresponding to Radio IDs.

Voice call from telephone to radio

To make a call from Telephone to Radio subscribers, it is necessary to do preliminary settings on both PBX, VoIP-Gateway and Radioserver. PBX must be programmed to allocate number pool corresponding to radio IDs (group IDs in case of group calls). For example, all radio subscribers (Radio ID= XXX) are assigned with telephone numbers = 51XXX and all radio groups (Group ID= NNN) are assigned with telephone numbers = 52NNN. PBX is programmed in the way when all calls to numbers beginning with 5 are forwarded to VoIP-Gateway. Then you can configure your systems in two different ways, which differs by the stages, where different prefixes are removed.

1. This way is suitable when your VoIP Gateway supports number modification. VoIP Gateway should be programmed to extract destination number from initial telephone numbers (remove prefix 5 in our case) and compose destination SIP-address to make the call to Radioserver:

[Destination number]@[IP of Radioserver]: [SIP port of Radioserver] Radioserver is configured to treat prefixes in destination number to differ individual and group calls (1 and 2 respectively in our case).

 This way is suitable when your VoIP Gateway does not support number modification. So your program VoIP Gateway to simply route all calls to Radioserver with following SIP-address:

[Initial dest. number]@[IP of Radioserver]:[SIP port of Radioserver] Radioserver is configured to treat prefixes in SIP-name to differ individual and group calls.

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Voice call from telephone to radio – Example configuration

Example 1

PBX is programmed to route to VoIP gateway all calls to numbers beginning with 5. VoIP Gateway is programmed to route all these calls from PBX to Radioserver and remove 5 in front of number.

Telephone Interconnect Radioserver settings: Interface = 192.168.0.54, SIP Port = 5060, Private Call Prefix = 1, Group Call Prefix = 2.

To call the radio with Radio ID = 123, telephone subscriber dials 51123, PBX route this call to VoIP gateway, VoIP gateway composes SIP address = 1123@192.168.0.54:5060 and initiates session with Radioserver. Radioserver recognize the private call prefix (1) in front of SIP name and make private call to radio with Radio ID = 123. The same for group call. To call all radios within group with Group ID = 33, telephone subscriber dials 5233, PBX route this call to VoIP gateway, which composes SIP address = 233@192.168.0.54:5060 and initiates session with Radioserver. Radioserver recognize the group call prefix (2) in front of SIP name and make group call to group with Group ID = 33.

Example 2

PBX is programmed to route to VoIP gateway all calls to numbers beginning with 5. VoIP Gateway is programmed to route all these calls from PBX to Radioserver.

Telephone Interconnect Radioserver settings: Interface = 192.168.0.54, SIP Port = 5060, Private Call Prefix = 51, Group Call Prefix = 52.

To call the radio with Radio ID = 123, telephone subscriber dials 51123, PBX route this call to VoIP gateway, VoIP gateway composes SIP address = 51123@192.168.0.54:5060 and initiates session with Radioserver. Radioserver recognize the private call prefix (51) in front of SIP name and make private call to radio with Radio ID = 123. The same for group call. To call all radios within group with Group ID = 33, telephone subscriber dials 5233, PBX route this call to VoIP gateway, which composes SIP address = 5233@192.168.0.54:5060 and initiates session with Radioserver. Radioserver recognize the group call prefix (52) in front of SIP name and make group call to group with Group ID = 33.



Voice call from radio to telephone

To make a call to telephone subscriber, radio subscriber needs to send text message with the phone number to base radio station. Text message is processed by Radioserver in accordance with settings done at Radioserver Configuration window and transferred to VoIP Gateway.

In Radioserver Configurator:

- 1. Check *Allow Telephone Interconnect* checkbox for every Control Station which can be used for Telephone Interconnect.
- 2. Check Allow Calls to Default VoIP Gateway and set Default Gateway Settings to process incoming text messages in accordance with Dialing Rules.
- 3. Set Dialing Rules Prefix.

For VoIP Gateway:

Configure gateway to translate incoming calls from SIP connection to PBX. If the digital lines are used to connect VoIP Gateway and PBX, it is possible that PBX will check the incoming Caller ID and allow calls only with CID in certain range. In this case the CID modification rules should be configured on gateway. If it is not possible, you can configure the *Source Prefix* in Telephone Interconnect *Server Settings* on Radioserver.

Note! Radio subscriber can also make a call to telephone subscriber by sending it's full SIP-Address to the Base Radio. For example: "sip:123@100.100.100.100.5061"



Voice call from radio to telephone – Example configuration

Radioserver settings:

Server Settings: Interface = 192.168.0.54, SIP Port = 5060

Default Gateway Settings: Address = 28.200.114.46, SIP Port = 5060, Source Prefix = 1, Destination Prefix = 12

Dialing Rules: Prefix = "A"

VoIP Gateway Settings:

Gateway is programmed to transfer all calls to PBX, removing prefix 12 in front of Calling ID and add prefix 5 in front of CID.

To call to Phone Number = 743, Radio Subscriber with Radio ID = 123 sends text message "A743" to base radio. Telephone Interconnect service extracts phone number from the text message, add Destination Prefix and composes following SIP Addresses for calling to VoIP Gateway:

- From: 1123@192.168.0.54:5060
- To: 12743@28.200.114.46:5060
- VoIP Gateway processes these SIP Addresses and transfer call to PBX, in which:

Caller ID: 51123 Calling ID: 743

Note! In case your VoIP gateway does not support Caller ID/Calling ID modifications, you can obtain the same result if you modify the following Default Gateway Settings:

- Set Source Prefix to "51".
- Empty Destination Prefix.



Patch Radio an Telephone subscribers by Dispatcher Console

SmartPTT Dispatcher console has feature to patch radio and telephone subscribers. Voice call data is transferred by radioserver in this case, so license with enabled Telephone Interconnect Service is required to be installed on radioserver.

- 1. Open the **Call Window** of radio subscriber.
- 2. Select **Call Telephone Subscriber** menu item.
- 3. Call Telephone Subscriber window is displayed.
- 4. Select telephone subscriber from the stored telephone subscribers list and click **Connect** button (or double-click on the list item).
- 5. If necessary phone number is not in list, you can click **Dial** button to input the telephone number manually. In **Dialing** window, input the phone number and click **S** or press *Enter*.





Patch Radio an Telephone subscribers by Dispatcher Console

During dialing process status window will be displayed showing current state of the call.

When telephone subscriber picks up the phone, connection status is changed from Ringing to Call.

If the connection attempt is failed, status window shows corresponding error message.

To disconnect current connection click \ge button.

To establish the same connection again, click 💿 button.

Communication Telephone Subscriber and Radio Subscriber				
6	John			
	Andrew Morgan			
×	Ringing			







Tested environments

There is no any additional system requirements for Telephone Interconnect Service except listed in *VoIP Gateway Requirements* section. But please note that the overall efficiency of the system consisting of equipment by different manufactures depends on the various factors. The main of them are the integration ability of different parts and possibility to implement unified numbering plan for PBX and radio subscribers.

Equipment, listed in this list, was tested for compatibility and worked with SmartPTT telephone interconnect.

VoIP Gateways:

- ✓ Cisco integrated services routers (recommended)
- ✓ AddPac VoIP gateways
- ✓ IPGear VoIP gateways
- ✓ Audiocodes Mediant & Mediapack VoIP gateways

PBX:

- ✓ Cisco CallManager
- ✓ Tadiran Coral
- ✓ LG iPECS
- ✓ Asterisk (and all Asterisk-based PBX)



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